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SECTION 1	I. IDENTIFICATION					
Produc	ct name	:	: FormulaShell SAE 10W-30 Motor Oil			
Produc	ct code	:	001D7227			
Manufacturer or supplier's details						
Manufa	acturer/Supplier	:	Shell Canada Pro 400 - 4th Avenue Calgary AB T2P Canada	S.W		
Teleph Telefa:		:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345			
Emerg ber	ency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300 ): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-		

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	: Engine oil.
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### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **GHS Classification**

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Prevention: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Response: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Storage:</li> </ul>
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No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: FormulaShell SAE 10W-30 Motor Oil
Chemical nature	<ul> <li>Highly refined mineral oil. Synthetic base oil and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains &lt;3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.</li> <li>* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9.</li> </ul>

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Polyolefin polyamine succinimide polyol **	Not Assigned	1 - 3
Alkaryl amine	36878-20-3	1 - 3
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	0 - 90
** polymer exempt.		

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation

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and effects, both acute and delayed		of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.		
Protection of first-aiders		: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		
Notes	s to physician	: Treat symptom	natically.	

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.
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		Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay suitable material and dispose of properly.	, sand or other	
Additional advice		: For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.		
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND S	DRAGE		
Gene	eral Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of infragours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to sessment of local circumstances to help determinate controls for safe handling, storage and disport material.	o a risk as- ne appropri-	
Advi	ce on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwea worn and proper handling equipment should be Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cla rials in order to prevent fires.	used.	
Avoi	dance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.		
Prod	uct Transfer	: Proper grounding and bonding procedures shou during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static		
Stor	age			
Othe	er data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well- place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.	ventilated	
		Store at ambient temperature.		
Pack	aging material	: Suitable material: For containers or container lin steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ings, use mild	
Cont	ainer Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed peratures because of possible risk of distortion.	to high tem-	

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able fraction)	-	

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

### **Engineering measures**

:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.
	Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte- nance.
	Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

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		drinking, and protective eq taminated clo	ds after handling the material and before eating, /or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and uipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- othing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. d housekeeping.
Pers	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respirator conditions of In accordance tions should If engineering tions to a lev select respira cific condition Check with re Where air-filt priate combin Select a filter	y protection is ordinarily required under normal use. e with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- be taken to avoid breathing of material. g controls do not maintain airborne concentra- el which is adequate to protect worker health, atory protection equipment suitable for the spe- ns of use and meeting relevant legislation. espiratory protective equipment suppliers. ering respirators are suitable, select an appro- nation of mask and filter. • suitable for the combination of organic gases [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	l protection emarks	gloves appro US: F739) m suitable cher gloves Suitat usage, e.g. fr sistance of g glove supplie Personal hyg Gloves must gloves, hand cation of a no For continuou through time 480 minutes short-term/sp recognize tha may not be a time maybe a and replacen a good predie dependent of Glove thickne	contact with the product may occur the use of ved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ade from the following materials may provide nical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber bility and durability of a glove is dependent on requency and duration of contact, chemical re- love material, dexterity. Always seek advice from ers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. giene is a key element of effective hand care. only be worn on clean hands. After using s should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- on-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. us contact we recommend gloves with break- of more than 240 minutes with preference for > where suitable gloves can be identified. For blash protection we recommend the same, but at suitable gloves offering this level of protection wailable and in this case a lower breakthrough acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not ctor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is in the exact composition of the glove material. ess should be typically greater than 0.35 mm in the glove make and model.
Еуе р	protection		handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ewear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	: Skin protection work clothes.	on is not ordinarily required beyond standard

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		It is good practi	ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applicable	
Prote	ctive measures		ctive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Envir	ronmental exposure	controls	
Gene	ral advice	vant environme of the environme necessary, prev charged to was municipal or ind discharge to su Local guideline	te measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- intal protection legislation. Avoid contamination ient by following advice given in Chapter 6. If vent undissolved material from being dis- te water. Waste water should be treated in a dustrial waste water treatment plant before rface water. s on emission limits for volatile substances ed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -48 °C / -54 °F Method: ASTM D97
	240 °C / 464 °F Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	: 215 °C / 419 °F
	Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)

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Lo	wer explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Va	pour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
R	elative vapour density	: > 1 estimated value(s)	
R	elative density	: 0.8677 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)	
De	ensity	: 867.7 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)Method: ASTM D4052	
So	lubility(ies) Water solubility	: negligible	
	Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
	rtition coefficient: n- tanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)	
Au	to-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
D	ecomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Vi	scosity Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
	Viscosity, kinematic	: 69.98 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
		10.63 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Ex	plosive properties	: Not classified	
O	kidizing properties	: Data not available	
C	onductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.	

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

_		
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity addition to those listed in the following sub-parage	

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	npatible materials rdous decomposition acts	: Strong oxidisir : No decompos	ng agents. ition if stored and applied as directed.
·			

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	<ul> <li>LD50 (rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</li> <li>Remarks: Low toxicity:</li> <li>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Germ	cell mutagenicity		
<u>Produ</u> Geno	<u>uct:</u> toxicity in vivo	: Remarks: Non r Based on availa	nutagenic able data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carci	nogenicity		
	arks: Not a carcinoger	i. e classification criteria	are not met.
painti Highly	ng studies.		nown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skin- cinogenic by the International Agency for Re-
IARC	;		his product present at levels greater than or entified as probable, possible or confirmed by IARC.
OSH	A		his product present at levels greater than or n OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP			his product present at levels greater than or entified as a known or anticipated carcinogen
Repro	oductive toxicity		
Produ	uct:		
Effect	ts on fertility	Does not impair	developmental toxicant. fertility. able data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT	- single exposure		
<b>-</b> .			

# Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **STOT - repeated exposure**

### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Aspiration toxicity

# Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).	
Ecotoxicity			
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)		Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

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Р	ersistence and degradabi	lity		
<u>Product:</u> Biodegradability		Major constitu	readily biodegradable. Ients are inherently biodegradable, but contains hat may persist in the environment.	
В	ioaccumulative potential			
	Product: lioaccumulation	: Remarks: Col cumulate.	ntains components with the potential to bioac-	
	artition coefficient: n- ctanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 Remarks: (ba	: log Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
N	lobility in soil			
	Product: Mobility :		uid under most environmental conditions. I, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be	
		Remarks: Flo	ats on water.	
0	Other adverse effects			
Product: Additional ecological in mation	dditional ecological infor-	ozone creatio Product is a n be released to conditions of		
			cal fouling of aquatic organisms.	
			es not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- intrations less than 1 mg/l.	

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	<ul> <li>Recover or recycle if possible.</li> <li>It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.</li> <li>Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water</li> </ul>

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		courses			
		Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.			
Contaminated packaging		to a recognized the collector or o Disposal should	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.		
Local Rema	legislation arks		be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.		

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **National Regulations**

**TDG** Not regulated as a dangerous good

### **International Regulations**

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

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The c EINEC	• •	•	n the following inventories: s listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA		: All components	s listed.
DSL		: All components	s listed.

### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC -Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration. Evaluation. Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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