

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: COOLCUT 250

Synonym: C-02

Product Code: 58-A 255; 58-A 257 (20L); 58-A 258 (200L); 58-A 259 (1000L)

Revision Date: Jun 20, 2022 Date Printed: Jul 08, 2022

Version: 1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.

Manufacturer's Name: United States - Walter Surface Technologies Inc.

Address: 810 Day Hill Road Windsor, CT, US, 06095

Emergency Phone: INFOTRAC® 1-800-535-5053. International call collect: 1-352-323-3500 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

Information Phone Number: +1 (866) 592-5837

Fax:

Product/Recommended Uses: Metal working fluid.

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Type of product

Liquid

Classification

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 3

Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Skin Sensitizer - Category 1

Pictograms





Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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(1000L)

Precautionary Statements - General

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Precautionary Statements - Response

- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P321 Specific treatment (see First-Aid on this label).
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

P405 - Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) (Physical & Health)

no data available

Acute toxicity of 3% of the mixture is unknown

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture

The product is a mixture.

CAS	Chemical Name	GHS Classifications	% By Weight
0064742-55-8	MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) LIGHT PARAFFINIC	Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Carc. 1B, H350	10.00% - 30.00%
0010043-35-3	BORIC ACID	Acute Tox. Oral 5, H303; Aquatic Acute 3, H402; Eye Irr. 2A, H319; Repr. 1B, H360; Skin Irr. 3, H316	5.00% - 10.00%
0064742-52-5	MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	Carc. 1B, H350	5.00% - 10.00%
0000141-43-5	ETHANOLAMINE	Acute Tox. Derm. 4, H312; Acute Tox. Inh. 4, H332; Acute Tox. Oral 4, H302; Aquatic Acute 3, H402; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Flam. Liq. 4, H227; Met. Corr. 1, H290; Skin Corr. 1B, H314	1.00% - 5.00%
0827613-35-4	AMIDES, CANOLA-OIL, N- (HYDROXYETHYL), ETHOXYLATED	N.A.	1.00% - 5.00%
0068608-26-4	SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM,	Eye Dam. 1, H318	1.00% - 5.00%

	SODIUM SALTS		
0055406-53-6	3-IODO-2-PROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	Acute Tox. Inh. 3, H331; Acute Tox. Oral 4, H302; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT RE 1, H372	0.10% - 1.00%
0000110-25-8	CORROSION INHIBITOR	Eye Irr. 2A, H319; Skin Irr. 2, H315	0.10% - 1.00%
0002682-20-4	2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Acute Tox. Derm. 2, H310; Acute Tox. Inh. 2, H330; Acute Tox. Oral 3, H301; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; STOT SE 3 (Resp.), H335	
0002634-33-5	1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	Acute Tox. Oral 4, H302; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Irr. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317	0.00% - 0.10%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If exposed/lf you feel unwell/lf concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Eye Contact

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary.

Skin Contact

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

Ingestion

If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth. If exposed/If you feel unwell/If concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact (OE)

Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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Inhalation (OE)

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact (OE)

Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion (OE)

Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use straight stream of water.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

In case of fire, hazardous decomposition products may include carbon oxides. Fire will produce irritating gases. Runoff may pollute waterways

Fire-fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Recommended Equipment

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not get on skin, eyes or clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

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Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated. Absorb Liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Wash hands after use. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. All containers must be properly labelled. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

Storage Room Requirements

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from sources of ignition and incompatibilities. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye protection

Wear safety glasses complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids.

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

If vapor or mist is generated when material is heated or handled, provide adequate ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)
BORIC ACID	2 (I)		6 (I)		A4	URT irr	A4	
ETHANOLAMI NE		3		6		Eye & skin irr		6
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	[(L)[N159](L) [N800]]; [5 (I) [N159]5 (I) [N800]];	(L)[N159](L) [N800]			[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	URT irr [N159]URT irr [N800]	[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	2000
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) LIGHT PARAFFINIC	[(L)[N159](L) [N800]]; [5 (I) [N159]5 (I) [N800]];	(L)[N159](L) [N800]			[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	URT irr [N159]URT irr [N800]	[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	2000

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Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	CAN_ONtmg	CAN_ONtppm
BORIC ACID								
ETHANOLAMI NE	3				1			
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	500				1		525	
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) LIGHT PARAFFINIC	500				1		525	

Chemical Name	CAN_ONsmg	CAN_ONsppm
BORIC ACID		
ETHANOLAMI NE		
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC		
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) LIGHT PARAFFINIC		

⁽I) - Inhalable fraction, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant OSHA TWA (ppm), OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3), OSHA TWA (mg/m3) regulatory values, if they are present at less than 5%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Physical and Chemical Properties

Type of product : liquid.

 Density
 0.98 g/cm3

 Specific Gravity
 0.98

 % VOC
 0.00%

 Density VOC
 0.00 lb/gal

Appearance Yellow liquid

Odor Threshold N/A

Odor Description Characteristic

pH 9.30

Water Solubility Fully miscible in water.

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Flammability Flash Point Symbol N/A Flash Point N/A Viscosity N/A Lower Explosion Level N/A Upper Explosion Level N/A Vapor Density N/A Freezing Point N/A Melting Point N/A Low Boiling Point N/A High Boiling Point N/A Auto Ignition Temp N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions To Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

N/A

N/A

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Will not occur.

Evaporation Rate

Coefficient Water/Oil

Incompatible Materials

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive Toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

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0000141-43-5 ETHANOLAMINE

Corrosive to the eye.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes skin irritation

0000141-43-5 ETHANOLAMINE

Corrosive to the skin.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

0000141-43-5 ETHANOLAMINE

The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation, by ingestion and through the skin.

Miscellaneous Health Effects

0000141-43-5 ETHANOLAMINE

The substance is corrosive to the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Corrosive on ingestion. The vapour is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the central nervous system. Exposure could cause lowering of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin sensitization.

0000141-43-5 ETHANOLAMINE

LD50 (oral, rat): 1720 mg/kg (10); 2100 mg/kg (3); 2740 mg/kg (3,8)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 700 mg/kg (10) LD50 (oral, guinea pig): 620 mg/kg (10) LD50 (oral, rabbit): 1000 mg/kg (10)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 1018 mg/kg (cited as 1 mL/kg) (10)

0002634-33-5 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

LD50 (oral, rodent - rat): 1020 mg/kg, Toxic effects: Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value

0064742-52-5 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC

LD50 (Rodent - rat, Oral): >5000 mg/kg, Toxic effects: Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

LD50 (Rodent - rabbit, Administration onto the skin) : >2000 mg/kg, Toxic effects : Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose

value.

0064742-55-8 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) LIGHT PARAFFINIC

LC50 (Rodent - rat, Inhalation): 3900 mg/m3/4H

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

0002682-20-4 2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE

LC50(Fish - Bluegill, 96 hrs): 0.3 mg/L

Persistence and Degradability

0000141-43-5 ETHANOLAMINE

Readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative Potential

0064742-52-5 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC

Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in Soil

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0064742-52-5 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC

Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

0064742-55-8 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) LIGHT PARAFFINIC

Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

0000141-43-5 ETHANOLAMINE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	IATA Information	IMDG Information	U.S. DOT Information	Canada TDG Information
UN number:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Proper shipping name:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hazard class:				Not Applicable
Hazard class:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Packaging group:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Hazardous substance (RQ):			No Data Available	
Marine Pollutant:	NA	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	NA	NA	No Data Available	No Data Available

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

None of the components are listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

None of the components are listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

None of the components are listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

None of the components are listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

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None of the components are listed.

SARA 302/304

None of the components are listed.

SARA 313

None of the components are listed.

SARA 311/312

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

States regulations

New York: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; 2-Aminoethanol.

New Jersey: The following components are listed: Boric acid; 2-Aminoethanol

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: 2-Aminoethanol

Canada

Canada inventory (DSL NDSL): At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

CEPA toxic substance : None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: None of the components are listed.

California Proposition 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0064742-55-8	MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) LIGHT PARAFFINIC	10.00% - 30.00%	DSL,TSCA
0010043-35-3	BORIC ACID	5.00% - 10.00%	DSL,TSCA
0064742-52-5	MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	5.00% - 10.00%	DSL,TSCA
0000141-43-5	ETHANOLAMINE	1.00% - 5.00%	DSL,TSCA
0055406-53-6	3-IODO-2-PROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.10% - 1.00%	DSL,TSCA
0000110-25-8	CORROSION INHIBITOR	0.10% - 1.00%	DSL,TSCA
0002682-20-4	2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Trace	DSL,TSCA
0002634-33-5	1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	Trace	DSL,TSCA

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant DSL, NDSL, TSCA regulatory values, if they are present at less than 5%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

Product does not contain any chemicals listed under California Proposition 65

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGCanadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ

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Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System. ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

Full text of H-Statements referred to under Section 3

uii text	of n-statements referred to under Section 3
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H227	Combustible Liquid
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H310	Fatal in contact with skin
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H303	May be harmful if swallowed
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H350	May cause cancer.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

DISCLAIMER

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58-A 255; 58-A 257 (20L); 58-A 258 (200L); 58-A 259 (1000L)