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SECTION 1	. IDENTIFICATION					
Produc	ct name	:	: Advance 4T Ultra 10W-40 (SN/MA2)			
Produc	ct code	:	: 001F3999			
Manufacturer or supplier's c		deta	ails			
Manufa	acturer/Supplier	:	Shell Canada Pro 400 - 4th Avenue Calgary AB T2P Canada	S.W		
Teleph Telefax		:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345			
Emerg ber	ency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300 ): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-		

## Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	: Engine oil.
-----------------	---------------

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## **GHS Classification**

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

## **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	: <b>Prevention:</b> No precautionary phrases. <b>Response:</b> No precautionary phrases. <b>Storage:</b>
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No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

9.

Substance name	: Advance 4T Ultra 10W-40 (SN/MA2)
Chemical nature	<ul> <li>Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains &lt;3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive dilu- ent.</li> </ul>
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkylphenol	27193-86-8	0.1 - 0.29
Alkaryl amine	36878-20-3	1 - 3
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	0 - 90

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		<ul> <li>Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.</li> </ul>		
Protection of first-aiders		appropriate pe	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.	
Note	s to physician	: Treat symptor	matically.	

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material.
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		Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand suitable material and dispose of properly.	or other	
Addit	ional advice	<ul> <li>For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> <li>For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> </ul>		
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND	TORAGE		
Gene	eral Precautions	<ul> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalatio vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> <li>Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk sessment of local circumstances to help determine app ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of material.</li> </ul>	as- propri-	
Advid	ce on safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.</li> <li>When handling product in drums, safety footwear shou worn and proper handling equipment should be used.</li> <li>Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning rials in order to prevent fires.</li> </ul>		
Avoid	ance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.		
Prod	Product Transfer : Proper grounding and bonding proce during all bulk transfer operations to			
Stora	age			
Othe	r data	<ul> <li>Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventile place.</li> <li>Use properly labeled and closable containers.</li> </ul>	ated	
		Store at ambient temperature.		
Pack	aging material	<ul> <li>Suitable material: For containers or container linings, u steel or high density polyethylene.</li> <li>Unsuitable material: PVC.</li> </ul>	use mild	
Cont	ainer Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high peratures because of possible risk of distortion.	n tem-	

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### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	<ul> <li>The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.</li> </ul>
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

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		nance. Retain drain do subsequent reo Always observe washing hands drinking, and/o protective equip	e good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Pers	onal protective equip	oment	
Resp	iratory protection	conditions of us In accordance tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	I protection marks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemic gloves Suitabili usage, e.g. free sistance of glov glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must or gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/spla recognize that may not be ava time maybe act and replaceme a good predicto dependent on t	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, le from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from . Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ne is a key element of effective hand care. hy be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > here suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nt regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is he exact composition of the glove material. s should be typically greater than 0.35 mm he glove make and model.

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Eye p	rotection		andled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear is recommended.	
Skin a	nd body protection	work clothes.	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul>	
Therm	nal hazards	: Not applicable		
Protec	ctive measures		ctive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- nal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.	
Envir	onmental exposure c	ontrols		
Gener	al advice	vant environme of the environme necessary, pre charged to was municipal or in discharge to su Local guideline	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.</li> <li>Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.</li> </ul>	

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-33 °C / -27 °F
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	230 °C / 446 °F
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available

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Up	per explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lov	wer explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Va	oour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Re	lative vapour density	: > 1 estimated value(s)	
Re	lative density	: 0.858 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
De	nsity	: 858 kg/m3 (15 °C / 59 °F)Method: ASTM D4052	
	ubility(ies) Water solubility	: negligible	
:	Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
	rtition coefficient: n- anol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)	
Au	to-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
De	composition temperature	: Data not available	
	cosity ∕iscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
,	Viscosity, kinematic	: 90.2 mm2/s (40 °C / 104 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
		14.2 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Ex	plosive properties	: Not classified	
Ox	idizing properties	: Data not available	
Co	nductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.	

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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Condi	tions to avoid	: Extremes of ter	mperature and direct sunlight.
Incom	patible materials	: Strong oxidisin	g agents.
Hazar produ	dous decomposition	: No decomposit	ion if stored and applied as directed.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and
		the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

### Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	<ul> <li>LD50 (rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	<ul> <li>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>

## Skin corrosion/irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

## Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Ger	n cell mutagenicity		
Proc	duct:		
Gen	otoxicity in vivo	: Remarks: Non Based on avai	mutagenic lable data, the classification criteria are not met.
Card	cinogenicity		
Rem	<u>duct:</u> harks: Not a carcinogen. ed on available data, the	classification criteria	a are not met.
IAR	с		this product present at levels greater than or dentified as probable, possible or confirmed on by IARC.
OSI	łA		this product present at levels greater than or on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTF	2		this product present at levels greater than or dentified as a known or anticipated carcinogen
Rep	roductive toxicity		
	<b>luct:</b> cts on fertility	Does not impa	a developmental toxicant. ir fertility. lable data, the classification criteria are not met.
STO	T - single exposure		

## Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT - repeated exposure

### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Aspiration toxicity

## Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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			Data of first is sure.

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### Further information

## Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available Remarks: Data not available
<u>Components:</u> Alkylphenol:		

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M-Fa icity)	ctor (Acute aquatic tox-	:	10	
M-Fa toxici	ctor (Chronic aquatic ty)	:	10	
Persi	stence and degradabi	lity		
Prod	uct:			
Biode	egradability	:	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contain components that may persist in the environment.	
Bioa	ccumulative potential			
Prod	uct:			
-	cumulation	:	Remarks: Contain cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
	ion coefficient: n- ol/water	:	: log Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
Mobi	lity in soil			
Prod	uct:			
Mobility		:		under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats	on water.
Othe	r adverse effects			
Prod	uct:			
Addit	Additional ecological infor- mation	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixto	zone depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will n r in any significant quantities under normal
			Poorly soluble mi Causes physical	xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.
ECTION	13. DISPOSAL CONS	DER	ATIONS	
Dien	osal methods			
-	e from residues	:		le if possible. bility of the waste generator to determine the

toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to

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		determine the proper waste classification and disposal me ods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses		
		Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil o ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.		
Conta	aminated packaging	to a recognized the collector or o Disposal should	ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. I be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.	
Local Rema	legislation arks		be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.	

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## **National Regulations**

**TDG** Not regulated as a dangerous good

## International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this p	product are reported in	the following inventories:

EINECS	: All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.
DSL	: All components listed.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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Sourc	ces of key data used to ile the Safety Data		The quoted data sources of infor Health Services	endment from the previous version. a are from, but not limited to, one or more mation (e.g. toxicological data from Shell a, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU se, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revis	ion Date	:	2019-09-04	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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