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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION					
Produ	ict name	:	Shell Tellus S4 ME 46			
Produ	ict code	:	001D7767			
Manu	facturer or supplier's	deta	ails			
Manu	facturer/Supplier	:	Shell Canada Pr 400 - 4th Avenue Calgary AB T2P Canada	S.W		
Telep Telefa			(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345			
Emer <u>(</u> ber	gency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-)		
Recommended use of the cl Recommended use		hen :		ons on use		

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage:
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No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components	
Chemical nature	: Blend of polyolefins and additives.
Substance name	: Shell Tellus S4 ME 46

No hazardous ingredients

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice		Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled		No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	t	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	ւ Շ ք	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact		Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed		In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	c I L	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.

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Prote	ction of first-aiders	appropriate pers	ering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the sonal protective equipment according to the and surroundings.
Notes	s to physician	vention and pos age and loss of Because entry v ousness of the o determine the e anaesthetics or can contribute to surgical decomp eign material sh	njection injuries require prompt surgical inter- ssibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam-

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.	
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or
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		, ,	and, earth, or other appropriate barriers. s should be advised if significant spillages ined.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		Prevent from sp or other contain Reclaim liquid di Soak up residue	pilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. reading by making a barrier with sand, earth ment material. irectly or in an absorbent. with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other and dispose of properly.
Ac	lditional advice	see Chapter 8 o	selection of personal protective equipment f this Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.	
:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.	
:	Strong oxidising agents.	
:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.	
:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	

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Conta	iner Advice	, ,	ontainers should not be exposed to high tem- use of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

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		subsequent rec Always observe washing hands drinking, and/or protective equip	é good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and oment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Pers	onal protective equip	ment	
	piratory protection	: No respiratory p conditions of us In accordance w tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with resp Where air-filteri priate combinat Select a filter su	protection is ordinarily required under normal se. with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ry protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. biratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. Jitable for the combination of organic gases Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	d protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemic gloves Suitabili usage, e.g. frec sistance of glov glove suppliers Personal hygier Gloves must or gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/splas recognize that s may not be ava time maybe acc and replacemen a good predicto dependent on th Glove thickness	ntact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on guency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from . Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ne is a key element of effective hand care. Ny be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > nere suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same, but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance in regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is he exact composition of the glove material. s should be typically greater than 0.35 mm he glove make and model.
Eye	protection		ndled such that it could be splashed into eyes, year is recommended.

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Skin and body protection		work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Thermal hazards		: Not applicable	
Protective measures		•	tive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing
	vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: light brown	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -51 °C / -60 °F Method: ISO 3016	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)	
Flash point	: 250 °C / 482 °F	
	Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	

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L	_ower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)			
١	√apour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)			
F	Relative vapour density	: > 1 estimated value(s)			
F	Relative density	: 0.832 (15 °C / 59 °F)			
C	Density	: 832 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)Metho	1: ISO 12185		
S	Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: negligible			
	Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available			
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)			
Auto-ignition temperature		: > 320 °C / 608 °F			
١	∕iscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available			
	Viscosity, kinematic	: 46 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445			
		7.7 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445			
E	Explosive properties	: Not classified			
C	Oxidizing properties	: Data not available			
(Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.		
C	Decomposition temperature	: Data not available			

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- : Reacts with strong oxidising agents. tions	
Chemical stability : Stable.	
Reactivity : The product does not pose any further reactivity addition to those listed in the following sub-par	

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Incon	npatible materials	: Strong oxidi	sing agents.		
Haza produ	rdous decomposition icts		: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.		
SECTION	11. TOXICOLOGICA	L INFORMATION			
Basis	for assessment	the toxicology the data pres	iven is based on data on the components and of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, ented is representative of the product as a than for individual component(s).		
Skin	mation on likely rout and eye contact are th ental ingestion.		exposure although exposure may occur following		
Acut	e toxicity				
Prod	<u>uct:</u>				
Acute	e oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > Remarks: Ex	5,000 mg/kg pected to be of low toxicity:		
Acute	e inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: No normal condi	t considered to be an inhalation hazard under tions of use.		
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:			
Skin	corrosion/irritation				
Prod	uct: arks: Expected to be s	lightly irritating			

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product: Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

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:

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product: Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-
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			ponent(s).(LL/EL	ct as a whole, rather than for individual com- /IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of to prepare aqueous test extract).	
Ecoto	xicity				
<u>Produ</u> Toxicit ty)	i <u>ct:</u> ty to fish (Acute toxici-	:	Remarks: Expec LL/EL/IL50 > 100	ted to be practically non toxic:) mg/l	
Toxicit toxicity	ty to crustacean (Acute y)	:	Remarks: Expec LL/EL/IL50 > 100	ted to be practically non toxic:) mg/l	
	ty to algae/aquatic (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expec LL/EL/IL50 > 100	ted to be practically non toxic:) mg/l	
Toxici icity)	ty to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Data n	ot available	
Toxicity to crustacean		:	: Remarks: Data not available		
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)		:	: Remarks: Data not available		
Persis	stence and degradabili	ity			
Product: Biodegradability		:	Major constituen	ted to be not readily biodegradable. ts are expected to be inherently biodegrada- components that may persist in the environ-	
Bioac	cumulative potential				
Produ	ict:				
Bioaco	cumulation	:	Remarks: Contai cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-	
	on coefficient: n- bl/water	: Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar		l on information on similar products)	
Mobili	ity in soil				
Produ	ict:				
Mobilit	ty	:		under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be	

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Othe	r adverse effects		
<u>Prod</u> Additi	uct: ional ecological infor-	: Product is a mi	xture of non-volatile components, which are

Additional ecological information : Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulation

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category	: Not applicable
Ship type	: Not applicable
Product name	: Not applicable
Special precautions	: Not applicable

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Special precautions for user					
Remarks		Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.			
Additional Information		: MARPOL Anne	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.		

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:				
: All components listed or polymer exempt.				
: All components listed.				
: All components listed.				

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances: ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concern-

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ing the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Revision Date : 2016-05-24

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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