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#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name	: Quaker State Ultimate Durability SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic
	Motor Oil
Product code	: 001D7560

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	:	<b>Shell Canada Products</b> 400 - 4th Avenue S.W Calgary AB T2P 0J4 Canada
Telephone Telefax		(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345
Emergency telephone num- ber	:	CHEMTREC (24 hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300 (US) CANUTEC (24 hr): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN- UTEC (226-8832)

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	: Engine oil.
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### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **GHS Classification**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

## GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	: No signal word	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response:	

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No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	Quaker State Ultimate Durability SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil
Chemical nature	Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive dilu- ent.
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkaryl amine	36878-20-3	1 - 5
Alkylated phenol ester	125643-61-0	1 - 3
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	0 - 90

## **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water.
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				If persistent irritat	ion occurs, obtain medical attention.	
lf	If swallowed		: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.			
a	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.			
Ρ	Protection of first-aiders		:	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		
Notes to physician		:	Treat symptomati	cally.		

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

# SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

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	ds and materials for nment and cleaning up	cannot be contain : Slippery when sp	should be advised if significant spillages ned. ilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. eading by making a barrier with sand, earth
		or other containn Reclaim liquid dii Soak up residue	
Additic	onal advice	see Chapter 8 of	selection of personal protective equipment this Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Sheet.

# SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions :	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer :	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Storage		
Other data :	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
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Conta	ainer Advice	, ,	ontainers should not be exposed to high tem- use of possible risk of distortion.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

#### Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

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		controls. Educate and train measures relevan product. Ensure appropriat equipment used to equipment, local e Drain down system nance. Retain drain dowr subsequent recyc Always observe g washing hands af drinking, and/or si protective equipm	s for safe handling and maintenance of workers in the hazards and control it to normal activities associated with this e selection, testing and maintenance of o control exposure, e.g. personal protective exhaust ventilation. m prior to equipment break-in or mainte- ns in sealed storage pending disposal or le. ood personal hygiene measures, such as ter handling the material and before eating, moking. Routinely wash work clothing and ent to remove contaminants. Discard con- g and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Persor	nal protective equipm	ent	
Respira	atory protection	conditions of use. In accordance wit tions should be ta If engineering con tions to a level wh select respiratory cific conditions of Check with respira Where air-filtering priate combination Select a filter suita	h good industrial hygiene practices, precau- ken to avoid breathing of material. trols do not maintain airborne concentra- tich is adequate to protect worker health, protection equipment suitable for the spe- use and meeting relevant legislation. atory protective equipment suppliers. respirators are suitable, select an appro- n of mask and filter. able for the combination of organic gases be A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	protection harks	gloves approved t US: F739) made f suitable chemical gloves Suitability a usage, e.g. freque sistance of glove f glove suppliers. C Personal hygiene Gloves must only gloves, hands sho cation of a non-pe For continuous co	act with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, from the following materials may provide protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber and durability of a glove is dependent on ency and duration of contact, chemical re- material, dexterity. Always seek advice from contaminated gloves should be replaced. is a key element of effective hand care. be worn on clean hands. After using build be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- erfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- ore than 240 minutes with preference for >

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		480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, b recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protect may not be available and in this case a lower breakthroug time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenar and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness i a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove materia Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.	ut stion gh nce is not s Il.
Eye	protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into e protective eyewear is recommended.	eyes,
Skin	and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul>	t
Ther	mal hazards	: Not applicable	
Prote	ective measures	: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.	1-
Envi	ronmental exposure c	ntrols	
Gene	eral advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of r vant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamin of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6 necessary, prevent undissolved material from being dis- charged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substance must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air contain vapour.</li> </ul>	nation 5. If n a e s
SECTION	I 9. PHYSICAL AND CH		
Appe	earance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colo	ur	: colourless	

Colour	: colourless
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -45 °C / -49 °F

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				Method: ASTM D	997
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(	
	Flash p	oint	:	227 °C / 441 °F	
				Method: ASTM D	993 (PMCC)
	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not availabl	e
	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
	Upper e	explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	Lower	explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / estimated value(	,
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	s)
	Relative	e density	:	0.849 (15 °C / 59	°F)
	Density	,	:	849 kg/m3 (15.0	°C / 59.0 °F)Method: ASTM D4052
	Solubili Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Viscosi	tv			
		osity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
	Visco	osity, kinematic	:	46.51 mm2/s (40 Method: ASTM D	
				8.68 mm2/s (100 Method: ASTM D	
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidiziı	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e
	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.
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Decomposition temperature : Data not available

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

8	Basis for assessment	:	
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#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

## Acute toxicity

Product: Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

### Skin corrosion/irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

## Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

### Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

## Carcinogenicity

## Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

# Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

# STOT - single exposure

# Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

# STOT - repeated exposure

# Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

# Aspiration toxicity

# Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

# **Further information**

# Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The con-

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centration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- : icity)	Remarks: Data not available
5	Remarks: Data not available
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms : (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	
Product:	
Biodegradability :	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegrada- ble, but contains components that may persist in the environ- ment.

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	Bioaccumulative potential					
	Product:					
	Bioaccumulation		:	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioac- cumulate.		
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		:	Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)		
	Mobility in soil					
	Product:					
	Mobility : Ren If it mob		:	<ul> <li>Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions.</li> <li>If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.</li> </ul>		
			Remarks: Floats	on water.		
	Product:					
	Additional ec mation	Additional ecological infor- mation		expected to be re Not expected to h	are of non-volatile components, which are not leased to air in any significant quantities. have ozone depletion potential, photochemi- n potential or global warming potential.	
				Poorly soluble mi May cause physic	xture. cal fouling of aquatic organisms.	

# SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	· Waste product should not be allowed to conteminate sail or
Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

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## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **International Regulations**

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

# IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

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Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	<ul> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories: EINECS All components listed or polymer exempt

EINEOO	. All components listed of polymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.
DSL	: All components listed.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -

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Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Revision Date : 2016-08-25

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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