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SECTION	SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION							
Prod	uct name	:	: Shell Gadus S2 V30KXD 1					
Prod	uct code	:	001D8542					
Man	ufacturer or supplier's	deta	ails					
Man	ufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell Canada Pr 400 - 4th Avenue Calgary AB T2P Canada	S.W				
Tele Tele	phone fax	:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345					
Eme ber	rgency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-)				
	ommended use of the c	hen	nical and restriction	ons on use				
Reco	ommended use	:	Automotive and ir	ndustrial grease.				

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

1/	800001030393
	Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage:
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases.
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required

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No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: Shell Gadus S2 V30KXD 1
Chemical nature	 A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Polyalphaolefin	68037-01-4	5 - 15
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	68457-79-4	1 - 2.4

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under conditions.	normal
If inhaled	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of us If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	е.
In case of skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area w ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	∕ith wa-
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of prod under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of appar wounds.	ur, the not wait
In case of eye contact	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
If swallowed	In general no treatment is necessary unless large qua are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	ntities

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	mportant symptoms fects, both acute and ed	of black pustu Ingestion may Local necrosis	ulitis signs and symptoms may include formation les and spots on the skin of exposed areas. result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and a few hours following injection.		
Protection of first-aiders		appropriate pe	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		
Notes	to physician	: Treat symptor	natically.		
		vention an d p age and loss of Because entry ousness of the determine the anaesthetics of can contribute surgical decor eign material s	injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- ossibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- of function. wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- e underlying damage, surgical exploration to extent of involvement may be necessary. Local or hot soaks should be avoided because they to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt npression, debridement and evacuation of for- should be performed under general anaesthet- exploration is essential.		

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.	
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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ti	Personal precautions, protec- ive equipment and emer- gency procedures	- : Avoid contact w	vith skin and eyes.
E	Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental c nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditc rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barrie	
	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		preading or entering into drains, ditches or riv- nd, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
A	Additional advice	see Chapter 8 d	n selection of personal protective equipment of this Safety Data Sheet. n disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of a Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.	
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.	
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Storage Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.	
Packaging material	:	Store at ambient temperature. Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.	

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte-

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		subsequent rec Always observe washing hands drinking, and/or protective equip	good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and ment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ng and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
			uct's semi-solid consistency, generation of is unlikely to occur.
Pers	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respiratory p conditions of us In accordance v tions should be If engineering c tions to a level v select respirator cific conditions of Check with resp Where air-filterin priate combinations of Select a filter su	protection is ordinarily required under normal e. vith good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ry protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. biratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- ion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases ype A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	l protection emarks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemic gloves Suitabilit usage, e.g. freq sistance of glov glove suppliers. Personal hygier Gloves must on gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/splas recognize that s may not be avai time maybe acc and replacemer a good predicto	htact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber y and durability of a glove is dependent on uency and duration of contact, chemical re- e material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. he is a key element of effective hand care. ly be worn on clean hands. After using hould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > ere suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same, but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough eptable so long as appropriate maintenance at regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not r of glove resistance to a chemical as it is ne exact composition of the glove material.

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			ss should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Eye p	protection		nandled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ewear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	work clothes.	n is not ordinarily required beyond standard standard standard standard resistant gloves.
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applicable	9
Prote	ective measures		ective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- nal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.
	vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Semi-solid at ambient temperature.	
Colour	: grey	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
Drop point	: 175 °C / 347 °F Method: IP 396	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Data not available	
Flash point	: Method: ASTM D92 Not applicable	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
11	200001	

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	Flamma	bility (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
	Upper e	xplosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	Lower e	xplosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	oressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / estimated value(
	Relative	vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)
	Relative	density	:	0.900 (15 °C / 59	°F)
	Density		:	900 kg/m3 (15.0	°C / 59.0 °F)Method: Unspecified
	Solubility Water	y(ies) r solubility	:	negligible	
	Solub	ility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e
	Partition octanol/	coefficient: n- water	:	Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ign	ition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Viscosity Visco	/ sity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
	Visco	sity, kinematic	:	Not applicable	
	Explosiv	e properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizin	g properties	:	Data not availabl	e
	Conduct	ivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.
	Decomp	osition temperature	:	Data not availabl	e

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	

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Hazardous decomposition products		: Hazardous dec during normal s	composition products are not expected to form storage.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Components:

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies.

Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Data not availableRemarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	/
Product:	
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegrada- ble, but contains components that may persist in the environ- ment.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioac- cumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)

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Mobil	lity in soil			
<u>Product:</u> Mobility		: Remarks: Semi-solid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.		
		Remarks: Flo	ats on water.	
Other	r adverse effects			
<u>Produ</u>	uct:			
Additional ecological infor- mation		expected to b Not expected	nixture of non-volatile components, which are not e released to air in any significant quantities. to have ozone depletion potential, photochemi- ation potential or global warming potential.	
		Poorly soluble May cause ph	e mixture. nysical fouling of aquatic organisms.	
			not expected to cause any chronic effects to isms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG

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	Not regulated as a dangerous	good	
Inte	ernational Regulation		
	IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous	good	
	IMDG-Code Not regulated as a dangerous	good	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code			
	Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable 	
Spe	ecial precautions for user		
	Remarks	for special precau	ns: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, tions which a user needs to be aware of or with in connection with transport.
	Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex	1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this pr	roduct are reported in	the following inventories:
---------------------------	------------------------	----------------------------

EINECS	: All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.
DSL	: All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - Interna-

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tional Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization: IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Revision Date : 2016-04-14

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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