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SEC	TION 1	. IDENTIFICATION				
	Produc	t name	:	Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil		
	Produc	t code	:	001D7525		
Manufacturer or supplier's			deta	iils		
	Manufacturer/Supplier		:	Shell Canada Products 400 - 4th Avenue S.W Calgary AB T2P 0J4 Canada		
	Teleph Telefax		:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345		
	Emerge ber	ency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-)	
	Recom	mended use of the c	hen	nical and restriction	ons on use	
	Recom	mended use	:	Engine oil.		

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response:

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No precautionary phrases. **Storage:** No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil
Chemical nature	 Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkaryl amine	36878-20-3	1 - 3
Alkylated phenol ester	125643-61-0	< 3
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	0 - 90

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
nhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
eneral advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
r	nhaled case of skin contact	nhaled : case of skin contact :

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lf swa	allowed		reatment is necessary unless large quantities , however, get medical advice.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.		
Protection of first-aiders		appropriate pe	tering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the prsonal protective equipment according to the and surroundings.	
Notes	s to physician	: Treat symptom	natically.	

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

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		Local authoritie cannot be conta	s should be advised if significant spillages ained.	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or othe suitable material and dispose of properly. 		
Additio	onal advice	see Chapter 8 d	n selection of personal protective equipment of this Safety Data Sheet. n disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of a Sheet.	

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem-
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peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

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		controls. Educate and train measures releva product. Ensure appropria equipment used equipment, local Drain down syste nance. Retain drain dow subsequent recy Always observe of washing hands a drinking, and/or s protective equipm	es for safe handling and maintenance of n workers in the hazards and control nt to normal activities associated with this ate selection, testing and maintenance of to control exposure, e.g. personal protective exhaust ventilation. em prior to equipment break-in or mainte- vns in sealed storage pending disposal or cle. good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and nent to remove contaminants. Discard con- ng and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Perso	onal protective equip	nent	
Respi	ratory protection	conditions of use In accordance wi tions should be ta If engineering co tions to a level w select respiratory cific conditions of Check with respi Where air-filtering priate combination Select a filter suit	rotection is ordinarily required under normal e. ith good industrial hygiene practices, precau- aken to avoid breathing of material. ntrols do not maintain airborne concentra- hich is adequate to protect worker health, y protection equipment suitable for the spe- f use and meeting relevant legislation. ratory protective equipment suppliers. g respirators are suitable, select an appro- on of mask and filter. table for the combination of organic gases ype A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	protection narks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemica gloves Suitability usage, e.g. frequ sistance of glove glove suppliers. (Personal hygiene Gloves must only gloves, hands sh cation of a non-p For continuous c	tact with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber and durability of a glove is dependent on tency and duration of contact, chemical re- ematerial, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. e is a key element of effective hand care. y be worn on clean hands. After using hould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- nore than 240 minutes with preference for >

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		short-term/splas recognize that s may not be avai time maybe acc and replacemen a good predictor dependent on th Glove thickness	ere suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same, but uitable gloves offering this level of protection lable and in this case a lower breakthrough eptable so long as appropriate maintenance at regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not r of glove resistance to a chemical as it is ne exact composition of the glove material. a should be typically greater than 0.35 mm ne glove make and model.		
Eye	protection		ndled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ear is recommended.		
Skin	and body protection	work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard ce to wear chemical resistant gloves.		
Ther	mal hazards	: Not applicable			
Prote	ective measures		tive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.		
Envi	ronmental exposure co	ontrols			
Gen	eral advice	vant environmer of the environmer necessary, prev charged to wast municipal or ind discharge to sur Local guidelines	e measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- ntal protection legislation. Avoid contamination ent by following advice given in Chapter 6. If rent undissolved material from being dis- te water. Waste water should be treated in a ustrial waste water treatment plant before face water. s on emission limits for volatile substances ed for the discharge of exhaust air containing		
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES					
Арре	earance	: Liquid at room	temperature.		

: colourless

: Slight hydrocarbon

: Data not available

: Not applicable

: -42 °C / -44 °F

Colour

Odour

pН

pour point

Odour Threshold

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				Method: ASTM D	97
	Initial bo range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s	
	Flash p	oint	:	224 °C / 435 °F	
				Method: ASTM D	93 (PMCC)
	Evapora	ation rate	:	Data not available	e
	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available	e
	Upper e	explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	Lower e	explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / estimated value(s	
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s	3)
	Relative	e density	:	0.839 (15 °C / 59	°F)
	Density		:	839 kg/m3 (15.0	°C / 59.0 °F)Method: ASTM D4052
	Solubilit Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solut	oility in other solvents	:	Data not available	e
	Partitior octanol/	n coefficient: n- /water	:	Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-igr	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-
	Viscosit	W			
		osity, dynamic	:	Data not available	e
	Visco	osity, kinematic	:	45.34 mm2/s (40 Method: ASTM D	
				8.56 mm2/s (100 Method: ASTM D	
	Explosiv	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizin	ng properties	:	Data not available	e
	Conduc	tivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.
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Decomposition temperature : Data not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

the toxico the data	on given is based on data on the components and blogy of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, presented is representative of the product as a ther than for individual component(s).
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Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

2

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The con-

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centration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).	
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-	Remarks: Data not available	
J	Remarks: Data not available	
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradability		
<u>Product:</u> Biodegradability :	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegrada- ble, but contains components that may persist in the environ- ment.	

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	Bioaco	cumulative potential			
	Produ	ct:			
	Bioacc	umulation	:	Remarks: Contaii cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		:	Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
	Mobili	ty in soil			
	Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
	Mobility		:		under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
				Remarks: Floats	on water.
	Other	adverse effects			
	Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
	Additic mation	nal ecological infor-	:	expected to be re Not expected to h cal ozone creatio	ure of non-volatile components, which are not leased to air in any significant quantities. have ozone depletion potential, photochemi- n potential or global warming potential. xture. cal fouling of aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues :	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine th toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth ods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses 	
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.	
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,	

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		national, and loca	al laws and regulations.
Local le Remar	egislation ks	•	be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventorie	es:
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EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONC/ IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific

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material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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