Versi 2.0	on	Revision Date: 2016-10-07		DS Number: 0001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
SECT	TION 1	. IDENTIFICATION			
F	Product	t name	:	Shell Gadus S2 V	/220 00
F	Product	t code	:	001D8449	
ľ	Manufacturer or supplier's d		deta	ails	
1	Manufacturer/Supplier		:	Shell Canada Products 400 - 4th Avenue S.W Calgary AB T2P 0J4 Canada	
	Telepho Telefax		:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345	
	Emerge ber	ency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-)
I	Recom	mended use of the c	hen	nical and restriction	ons on use
Recommended use		:	Automotive and industrial grease.		

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases.
15	800001006652

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 800001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
			Date of first issue: 09.12.2011

Storage:

No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: Shell Gadus S2 V220 00	
Chemical nature	 A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils ar additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. 	าป

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Naphthenic acid	1338-24-5	0.1 - 0.9

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 800001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
	important symptoms ffects, both acute and ed	of black pustu Ingestion may Local necrosi	ulitis signs and symptoms may include formation iles and spots on the skin of exposed areas. / result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. s is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and e a few hours following injection.
Prote	ction of first-aiders	appropriate p	stering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the ersonal protective equipment according to the y and surroundings.
Notes	to physician	: Treat sympto	matically.
		vention and p age and loss Because entr ousness of th determine the anaesthetics can contribute surgical deco eign material	e injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- ossibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- of function. y wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- e underlying damage, surgical exploration to e extent of involvement may be necessary. Local or hot soaks should be avoided because they e to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt mpression, debridement and evacuation of for- should be performed under general anaesthet- exploration is essential.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media		Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 80000100665	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
tive	sonal precautions, protec- equipment and emer- cy procedures	- : Avoid cont	act with skin and eyes.
Env	ironmental precautions	nation. Pre	priate containment to avoid environmental contami- event from spreading or entering drains, ditches or sing sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	hods and materials for ainment and cleaning up		om spreading or entering into drains, ditches or riv- ig sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Adc	itional advice	see Chapt For guidar	ce on selection of personal protective equipment er 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. ce on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.
		Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 2016-10-08
2.0	2016-10-07	800001006652	Date of last issue: 09.12.2011
			Date of first issue: 09.12.2011

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 800001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
		measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.	
			uct's semi-solid consistency, generation of is unlikely to occur.
Perso	onal protective equipr	nent	
Respi	ratory protection	conditions of use In accordance w tions should be t If engineering co tions to a level w select respirator cific conditions o Check with resp Where air-filterin priate combinatio Select a filter su	rotection is ordinarily required under normal e. with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, y protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. iratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- on of mask and filter. itable for the combination of organic gases ype A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	protection marks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemica gloves Suitability usage, e.g. frequ sistance of glove glove suppliers. Personal hygien Gloves must onl gloves, hands sh cation of a non-p For continuous of through time of r	tact with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber y and durability of a glove is dependent on uency and duration of contact, chemical re- e material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. e is a key element of effective hand care. y be worn on clean hands. After using nould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > ere suitable gloves can be identified. For

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 800001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
		recognize that may not be av time maybe a and replacem a good predic dependent on Glove thickne	ash protection we recommend the same, but t suitable gloves offering this level of protection vailable and in this case a lower breakthrough cceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not tor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. ss should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Еуе р	protection		andled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	work clothes.	n is not ordinarily required beyond standard standard standard standard standard resistant gloves.
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applicable	2
Prote	ctive measures		ective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- nal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Envir	onmental exposure o	ontrols	
Gene	ral advice		ate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- nental protection legislation. Avoid contamination

vapour.	vant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being dis- charged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing
must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing	discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances
discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances	
municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances	of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If
of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being dis- charged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances	. Take appropriate measures to fail the requirements of rele-

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Semi-solid at ambient temperature.
Colour	: brown
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
Drop point	: >= 180 °C / >= 356 °F Method: Unspecified

Ver 2.0	sion	Revision Date: 2016-10-07		S Number: 001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011	
	Initial b range	ooiling point and boiling	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Flash p	point	:	Not applicable		
	Evapor	ration rate	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Flamm	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Upper	explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)		
	Lower	explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)		
	Vapou	r pressure	:	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)		
	Relativ	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)	
	Relative density		:	: 0.900 (15 °C / 59 °F)		
	Density		:	: 900 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)Method: Unspecified		
	Solubility(ies) Water solubility		:	: negligible		
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		:	: Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)		
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	=	
	Viscos Visc	ity osity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	Not applicable		
	Explos	ive properties	:	Not classified		
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Condu	ctivity	:	This material is n	not expected to be a static accumulator.	
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availabl	e	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in

Versio 2.0	on	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	-	9S Number: 0001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
				addition to those	listed in the following sub-paragraph.
C	Chemio	cal stability	:	Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions		:	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.		
Conditions to avoid		:	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.		
Incompatible materials		:	Strong oxidising agents.		
Hazardous decomposition products		:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to forr during normal storage.		

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	whole, rather than for individual component(3).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Draduate

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Prir
2.0	2016-10-07	800001006652	Dat
			_

Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Components:

Naphthenic acid:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies.

Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
2.0	2016-10-07	800001006652

Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	у
Product:	
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable.
11 / 15	800001006652

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 800001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011	
			nts are expected to be inherently biodegrada- s components that may persist in the environ-	
Bioa	ccumulative potential			
Prod	uct:			
Bioac	ccumulation	: Remarks: Conta cumulate.	ains components with the potential to bioac-	
	ion coefficient: n- iol/water	: Pow: > 6 Remarks: (base	: Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
Mobi	lity in soil			
Prod	<u>uct:</u>			
Mobil	ity		-solid under most environmental conditions. t will adsorb to soil particles and will not be	
		Remarks: Floats on water.		
Othe	r adverse effects			
Prod	<u>uct:</u>			
Additi matio	ional ecological infor- n	expected to be Not expected to	ture of non-volatile components, which are not released to air in any significant quantities. have ozone depletion potential, photochemi- ion potential or global warming potential.	
		Poorly soluble r May cause phys	nixture. sical fouling of aquatic organisms.	
			t expected to cause any chronic effects to ms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

	Disposal methods	
	Waste from residues	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or
_		000001000050

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 800001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
Contaminated packaging		 Waste, spills or Dispose in acco to a recognized the collector or on Disposal should 	r be disposed of into the environment. used product is dangerous waste. rdance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.
Local Rema	l legislation arks	•	be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not applicable
: Not applicable
: Not applicable
: Not applicable

Special precautions for user

Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

Version 2.0	Revision Date: 2016-10-07	SDS Number: 800001006652	Print Date: 2016-10-08 Date of last issue: 09.12.2011 Date of first issue: 09.12.2011
EINEC	S	: All components	listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA		: All components	listed.
DSL		: All components	listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration. Evaluation. Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Revision Date : 2016-10-07

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

2.0 2016-10-07 800001006652 Date of las	e: 2016-10-08 ast issue: 09.12.2011 rst issue: 09.12.2011
---	---

CA / EN