# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

K00839007

## Section 1. Identification

Product name	: RUST TOUGH® Rust Preventive Enamel (Aerosol) Light Machinery Gray (ASA-61)
Product code	: K00839007
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: Krylon Products Group 101 Prospect Avenue NW Cleveland, OH 44115
National contact	: Krylon Products Group 180 Brunel Road Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 247-3266
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1         <pre>GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2         TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract         irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -         Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2         ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1         Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 48.6%</pre></li></ul>			
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dramal toxicity: 69% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 70. 4%			
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	: Danger			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/2/2018 Date of previous issue : 2/26/2018 Version : 5 1/18			

Date of issue/Date of re	evision	1/2/2010	Date of previous issue
	ST TOUGH® Rust F It Machinery Gray (A		el (Aerosol)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Shee (EDS) for additional detail.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep
	upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Propane	20.4	74-98-6
Acetone	16.44	67-64-1
n-Butyl Acetate	11	123-86-4
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	10.75	64742-89-8
Butane	9.6	106-97-8
Titanium Dioxide	6.36	13463-67-7
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	4	763-69-9
Barium Sulfate	1.78	7727-43-7
Xylene	1.53	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	0.35	100-41-4
Unsaturated Fatty Acids	0.14	-
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	0.13	64742-48-9
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	0.11	22464-99-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute healt	h effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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## Section 4. First aid measures

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fir	е.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the c risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in lo a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash ba Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire a	container may burst, with the ow or confined areas or trave ack, causing fire or explosior	el
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materia carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides	ıls:	
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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition
	source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling)

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

		equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant].
Acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
n Bulyn looddo	TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Lt Aliabetia Lludroeerben Celvent	
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	None.
Butane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	None.
Barium Sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
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	fraction <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Unsaturated Fatty Acids Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name			Exposure limit	S	
Propane			8 hrs OEL: 100 CA British Colu 6/2017). TWA: 1000 ppr CA Quebec Pro TWAEV: 1000 TWAEV: 1800 CA Ontario Pro TWA: 1000 ppr	mbia Provincial (Cana vincial (Canada, 1/2014 ppm 8 hours. mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. vincial (Canada, 7/2015 n 8 hours. van Provincial (Canada m 15 minutes.	da, 4). 5).
Acetone			8 hrs OEL: 120 15 min OEL: 18 8 hrs OEL: 500 15 min OEL: 75	vincial (Canada, 4/2009 0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. ppm 8 hours. 50 ppm 15 minutes. mbia Provincial (Cana	
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Butane     (2217). TWX-250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Outbor Provincial (Canada, 172016). TWX-500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 500 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 500 ppm 16 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 172014). TWXEV: 1100 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 2380 mgm* 16 minutes. STEV: 2380 mgm* 16 minutes. CA Substatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 230 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 230 ppm 16 minutes. CA Buther Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 230 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 230 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 230 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 230 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 230 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 200	• •	•
15 min OEL: 200 pm 15 minutes.         15 min OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 15 minutes.         8 hrs OEL: 150 pm 8 hours.         CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         CA Quebee Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).         TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.         STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.         STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.         CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).         8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.         CA Quebee Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).         TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.         CA Quebee Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).         TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.         CA Auberta Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).         TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.         CA Auberta Provincial (Canada, 1/2015).		TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b> TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1190 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b> STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
ButaneTWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.ButaneCA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Ouebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 610 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/207). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/207). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Deritish Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	n-Butyl Acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
Xylene CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.	Butane	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b> 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</b> TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b> TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b> TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b> TWA: 800 ppm 15 minutes.
Image: Date of ssue/Date of revision     : 7/2/2018     Date of previous issue     : 2/26/2018     Version     : 5     8/18	Xylene	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> </ul>
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> </ul>

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Ingredient name			Exposure limits		
Propane					-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
Acetone	Acetone			TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.		
n-Butyl Acetate				STEL: 750 ppm NOM-010-STPS-	15 minutes. - <b>2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b>	
				TWA: 150 ppm STEL: 200 ppm		
Butane				NOM-010-STPS-	-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
Xylene					-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
				STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 100 ppm		
Ethylbenzene				NOM-010-STPS- TWA: 20 ppm 8	-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). hours.	
Date of issue/Date of r	evision	: 7/2/2018	Date of previous issue	: 2/26/2018	Version : 5	9/18
	ST TOUGH® Rust nt Machinery Gray (		imel (Aerosol)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	<sup>1</sup> This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.
	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: 7
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
: Not available.
: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 12.8%
: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
: 1.55 [Air = 1]
: 0.78
: Not available.
: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (<20.5 cSt)
: Not applicable.
: Spray
: 27.232 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
, ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Hydrotreated Heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Petroleum Naphtha			Ŭ	
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				Micrograms	
				Intermittent	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				milligrams	

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Acetone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Butane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Xylene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Date of previous issue

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate ef	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	: 7/2/2018Date of previous issue: 2/26/2018Version: 514.® Rust Preventive Enamel (Aerosol) y Gray (ASA-61)SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates			
Route	ATE value		
Oral Dermal Inhalation (gases)	32043.4 mg/kg 22303.5 mg/kg 96798.5 ppm		

## Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	4 weeks
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/I Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Barium Sulfate	Acute EC50 634 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

: 2/26/2018

Section 12. Ecological information			
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	-	8.1 to 25.9 10 to 2500	low high
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
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: This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S U
Date of issue/Date of rev K00839007 RUS Light	rision : 7/2/201 T TOUGH® Rust Preventive Machinery Gray (ASA-61)		ssue : 2/26/201		ion : 5 16/16 /-85-NA-GHS-CA

	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
Special precautions	cons mod suita prior resp unlos	ider container sizes. e of transport (sea, a bly for that mode of t to shipment, and cor onsibility of the perso ading dangerous goo	criptions are provided The presence of a sh ir, etc.), does not indi- ransport. All packagir npliance with the app n offering the product ds must be trained or ions in case of emerg	ipping description for cate that the product ng must be reviewed licable regulations is t for transport. Peop n all of the risks derive	or a particular t is packaged I for suitability is the sole le loading and
Transport in bulk ac to Annex II of MARF the IBC Code	-	vailable.			
	Prope	er shipping name	: Not available.		
	Ship t	уре	: Not available.		

### Section 15. Regulatory information

This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.

### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

		Classif	ication		Justification	
GASES UNDE SKIN CORRC SERIOUS EY SKIN SENSIT CARCINOGE TOXIC TO RE		Compressed DN - Category E IRRITATION Jory 1 Ty 2 (Unborn child)	2 I - Category 2A	spiratory tract	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
Date of issue/Date K00839007	<b>of revision</b> RUST TOUGH® Rus Light Machinery Gra		Date of previous issue amel (Aerosol)	: 2/26/2018	Version : 5 SHW-85-NA-GHS-C	17/18 CA

Section 16. Othe		OXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method	
Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			Calculation method Calculation method	
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	:	7/2/2018		
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	7/2/2018		
Date of previous issue	:	2/26/2018		
Version	:	5		
Key to abbreviations		ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coe		

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

UN = United Nations