

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: E Weld 4
SDS No.: L-147

Product Code: 53-F 403 (500mL), 53-F 405 (3.78L), 53-F 407 (20L), 53-F 408 (208L)

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Manufacturer's Name: Canada - Walter Surface Technologies Inc.

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Product/Recommended Uses: Anti-Spatter

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) (Physical & Health)

No data available

Acute toxicity of less than one percent of the mixture is unknown

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0025322-68-3	POLY(ETHYLENE GLYCOL)	1.00% - 5.00%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

Eye Contact

If irritation occurs, cautiously rinse eyes with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

Rinse/wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes or until product is removed. If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell/lf concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both acute and Delayed

OVER-EXPOSURE SIGNS/SYMPTOMS

Eye Contact: Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Skin Contact: Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, redness.

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include stomach pains.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Large Fire: Dry chemical, CO2, alcohol resistant foam or water spray Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use water jet.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

In case of fire, hazardous decomposition products may include carbon oxides. Dense smoke may be generated while burning.

Fire-Fighting Procedures

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

Recommended Equipment

See section 8 for specifics on protective personal equipment (PPE).

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Dispose of contaminated materials according to federal, state and local regulations. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands after use.

Ventilation Requirements

Report ventilation failures immediately. Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits.

Storage Room Requirements

If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and strong oxidizers. Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles.

Skin Protection

The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber.

Respiratory Protection

Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure at levels exceeding the exposure limits. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)
Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	CAN_ONtmg	CAN_ONtppm
Chemical Name	CAN_ONsmg	CAN_ONsppm	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH Carcinogen	

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, DSEN - Dermal sensitization, irr - Irritation

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant CAN_ONtmg, CAN_ONtppm, ACGIH TWA (mg/m3), ACGIH TWA (ppm), ACGIH Carcinogen, ACGIH TLV Basis, ACGIH Notations regulatory values, if they are present at less than 1%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

Density	0.95 to 1.01 g/ml	
Specific Gravity	N/A	
% VOC	N/A	
Density VOC	N/A	
Appearance	Milky White Liquid	
Odor Threshold	N/A	
Citrus	N/A	
рН	9	
Water Solubility	N/A	
Flammability	N/A	
Flash Point Symbol	N/A	

Flash Point N/A Viscosity N/A Lower Explosion Level N/A Upper Explosion Level N/A Vapor Density N/A Freezing Point N/A Melting Point N/A **Boiling Point** 98 °C High Boiling Point N/A Auto Ignition Temp N/A **Evaporation Rate** N/A Coefficient Water/Oil N/A Vapor Pressure lb/sqft °F Decomposition Pt

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions To Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

No data available.

Incompatible Materials

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

OVER-EXPOSURE SIGNS/SYMPTOMS: Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

OVER-EXPOSURE SIGNS/SYMPTOMS: Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, redness.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws.

SECTION 14) Transport Information

	IATA Information	IMDG Information	U.S. DOT Information	Canada TDG Information
UN number:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Proper shipping name:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hazard class:				Not Applicable
Hazard class:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Packaging group:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Hazardous substance (RQ):			No Data Available	
Marine Pollutant:	NA	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	NA	NA	No Data Available	No Data Available

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0025322-68-3	POLY(ETHYLENE GLYCOL)	1.00% - 5.00%	DSL,SARA312,TSCA

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant Canada_NPRI, DSL, SARA312, TSCA regulatory values, if they are present at less than 1%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

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