

# Safety Data Sheet AIR TOOL LUBRICANT



1. Identification	
Product identifier	AIR TOOL LUBRICANT
Product code	3900
Other means of identification	Air Tool Lubricant Viscosity Grade ISO 32.
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Lube oil.
Manufacturer	PRODUITS LUBRI-DELTA INC. 2215, Industriel Laval, Québec Canada H7S 1P8 Tel. 800.465.5954     450.629.4555 Fax 514.383.4241 www.lubri-delta.com http://www.lubri-delta.com/fiches.aspx
Emergency phone number	Quebec Poison Center: 1-800-463-5060 (toll free in QC) Ontario and Manitoba Poison Centres: 1-800-268-9017 or 419-813-5900 BC Drug and Poison Information Centre: 1-800-567-8911 (toll free in BC) or contact your local poison control centre in the state/province or territory where you live.  Canutec: 613-996-6666 or *666 on a cellular phone (for transportation)

# 2. Hazard identification

# Summary

Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of mist or vapor. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

#### WHMIS 2015/GHS/OSHA HCS 2012

### Not Regulated under WHMIS 2015/GHS

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P301+310+331: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to

# do. Continue rinsing.

3. Composition/information on ingredients			
Common name	CAS	Weight % content	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	10 - 90 %	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	10 - 90 %	
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-refined	64742-01-4	10 - 90 %	

**Note:** The product is made at 99.9% of a mixture of these highly refined ingredients, containing no polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH).

4. First-aid	measures
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. Discard contaminated leather articles such as shoes and belt.
Eye contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! If victim is conscious wash out mouth with plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.
Other	No information available.
Symptoms	No information available.
Notes to the physician	Aspiration hazard for the lungs (ingestion/vomiting). Can enter lungs and cause damage. If gastric lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemicals, chemical foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use a heavy water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Non-flammable. May be combustible at high temperature.	
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.	

6. Accidental release measures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.	
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry into sewers, closed areas and release to the environment. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate the area well. Remove sources of ignition. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	

7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	Use in well ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Avoid contamination with another chemical product. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. After use, wash hands with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store tightly close and in properly labelled container. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep away from direct sunlight and heat.	
Storage temperature	5 to 45°C (41 to 113°F)	

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	No IDLH value is reported.				
, ,	ydrotreated heavy paraffinic olvent-refined heavy paraffinic ), solvent-refined	STEL TWA (8h) TWA (8h) TWA (8h)	Mist Mist Mist Mist Mist Mist	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH NIOSH BC ACGIH, NIOSH, ON, OSHA, RSST ACGIH, OSHA, RSST ACGIH, ON, OSHA, RSST
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general and/or local exhaust) to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits.				
Individual protection m	easures				
Eye	Wear safety glasses. If there is a risk of contact with eyes, wear chemical splash goggles. If respiratory hazards exist, a full face respirator may be required instead.				
Hands	Wear nitrile gloves. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves with tears, pinholes, or signs of wear. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. Wash gloves with water before removing them. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Disposable nitrile gloves can also be used, but discard after single use.				
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. To clean up a spill, if necessary, wear a synthetic polyethylene coveralls such as the Tychem (DuPont) or equivalent coveralls manufactured to provide protection against liquid chemical.				
Respiratory	A respirator is not required in a well-ventilated area. Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in confined or enclosed space and for an assigned protection factor (APF) up to 10 times of exposure limit, wear a half mask respirator with organic vapour cartridges. For an APF until maximum 100 times of exposure limit, wear a full face mask respirator with organic vapour cartridges.				
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.				

Safety glasses Nitrile gloves

9. Physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Non-flammable	
Colour	Yellowish	Flammability limits	N/Av.	
Odour	Petroleum odor	Flash point	>190°C (374°F)	
Odour threshold	100 ppm	Auto-ignition temperature	>350°C (662°F)	
рН	N/Ap.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	N.Av.	
Melting point	-40°C (-40°F)	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	N.Av.	
Freezing point	-40°C (-40°F)	Vapour density	>5 (Air = 1)	
Boiling point	150 to 600°C (302 to 1112°F)	Relative density	0.86 kg/L (Water = 1)	
Solubility	Insoluble in water.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	5 to 24	
Evaporation rate	< Butyl Acetate	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.	
Vapour pressure	<0.13kPa (1 mm Hg) @ 25°C (77°F)	Viscosity	29 to 35 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)	
Percent Volatile	N/Av.	Molecular mass	N/Ap.	
N/Av	: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable	Und.: Undetermined	N/E: Not Established	

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	No known dangerous reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicolo	gical information	
Numerical measures of	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Ingestion >15000 mg/kg Rat LD50 Skin >5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50
toxicity	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	5 5
		Inhalation 2.18 mg/l/4h Rat LC50
		Skin >5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50
	Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-refined	Ingestion >5000 mg/kg Rat LD50
		Inhalation 2.18 mg/l/4h Rat LC50
		Skin >5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation, ingestion.	

Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact	May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Eye Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit (OECD TG 405): tests performed with each ingredient of this mixture gave not irritating to slightly irritating results.
	Skin contact	Prolonged and repeated contact may cause skin drying, cracking or irritation. Skin Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit (OECD 404): tests performed with each ingredient of this mixture gave not irritating to slightly irritating results.
	Inhalation	Generally speaking, working cleanly and following basic precautionary measures will greatly minimize the potential for harmful exposure to this product under normal use conditions. Exposure to high concentrations of vapor from heated product may cause headache, dizziness, lungs damage.
	Ingestion	Low degree of acute toxicity. Aspiration hazard for the lungs (ingestion/vomiting). Can enter lungs and cause damage. However, the risk of aspiration hazard into the lungs can be minimal due to the high viscosity of the material.
	Respiratory or skin sensitization	Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are not skin or respiratory sensitizers.
	IARC/NTP Classification	No ingredients listed.
	Carcinogenicity	The following information has been reported for the aliphatic petroleum distillates with regards to carcinogenicity (IARC, 1987): Untreated and mildly-treated oils are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), and highly-refined oils are not classified as carcinogenic to humans.
	Mutagenicity	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects.
	Reproductive toxicity	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause reproduction effects.
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No target organ is listed.
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No target organ is listed.
Interactive effects	No information availa	ble.
Other information	The oral and skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 2000 mg/kg. The acute toxicity estimates (ATE) by inhalation of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 20 mg/L/4h for vapours and to be greater than 5 mg/L/4h for the aerosols and mists. These values are not classified according to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA HCS 2012.	

12. Ecological information	
Ecological toxicity	Fish, various LC50 SES / NES Aquatic Invertebrates, various EC50 SES / NES Aquatic Plant - various EC50 SES / NES
Persistence	Moderately persistent in the environment.
Degradability	Biodegradable (<30% in 28 days). The product is a heavy hydrocarbon mixture in which some ingredients are not readily biodegradable (OECD 301B, IUCLID).
Bioaccumulative potential	Log Kow values ranging from about 5 to 25. Bioconcentration Factor (BCF) between 0.9 and 750000 for the mixture. These values indicate a high degree of bioaccumulation.
Mobility in soil	Insoluble in water. This mixture is likely to have high Koc values (>5000), indicating a high degree of sorption to the organic matter in soils. This value suggests that some components will display low mobility and some will be essentially immobile in soil. This product pollutes water and contaminates the soil.
Other adverse effects	Due to the very low solubility of these chemicals in water, the acute toxicity to fish and aquatic invertebrates, and the toxicity to aquatic plants are considered to be no effects at saturation (NES). The chronic toxicity to

aquatic invertebrates is also considered to be no effects at saturation (NES). This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer.

# 13. Disposal considerations

# Container



Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. Non-use oils or waste oils can be reprocessed (recycle) where there is a recovery program. Waste oils should be classified as hazardous mixtures. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport information					
UN Number	UN N/A				
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated by TDG (Canada) and 49 CFR DOT (USA).				
Environmental hazards	This material does not contain marine pollutant.				
Special precautions for user	No information available for this product.				
TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)					
Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated				
Packing group	Not regulated				
Emergency response guidebook 2016					
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Transport					
Classification	Not regulated				
IATA - International Air Transport Association					
Classification	Not regulated				
These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper					

# 15. Regulatory information

#### **CANADA**

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4		Х		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7		Х		
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-refined	64742-01-4		Х		

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act

transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

#### **UNITED STATE OF AMERICA**

Common name	CAS	TSCA	CER CLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	CWA 311	CWA Prio.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	Х								
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	Х								
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-refined	64742-01-4	X								

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances
- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals
- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances
- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant
- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants
- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention
- CWA 311: Clean Water Act List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant list

#### California Proposition 65

No ingredients listed.

# Other regulations





16. Other information					
Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	PRODUITS LUBRI-DELTA INC. 2017-11-09				
Version	02				
Other information	DATE OF FIRST VERSION OF SDS: 2014-11-28. CHANGES MADE IN THE VERSION 02: sections 1, 2, 11 and 15. REFERENCES: - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php - High Production Volume (HPV) Chemical Challenge Program, U.S. EPA, http://www.epa.gov/hpv/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca - OECD Existing Chemicals Database, Chemicals Screening Information DataSet (SIDS) for High Volume Chemicals, UNEP publications, http://webnet.oecd.org/HPV/UI/Search.aspx  ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System				

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min)

TWA: Time Weighted Averages

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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